FROM THE FRONT.

The Paraguayan War-A Slight Dif-Prospective Radical Defeat-Grant Favoring the Bitter-enders.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE NEWS.] WASHINGTON, October 29.

The House Committee on Foreign Affairs meets in this city next week, and will investigate the Paraguayan difficulties. Ex-Minister Washburne Lopez to American citizens, all of which is deuled by ex-Minister McMahon, who has just ar-

blican official writes from New Yorl that the Democrats will carry the State elections on next Tuesday by a smaller majority than that

President Grant positively refused to-night to grant the request of the Conservatives in Mississippi to give General Ames additional instructions as to secure an impartial election in

PROM THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

It is stated that upon the assembling of Con cess an attempt will be made to modify the er of the Supreme Court to the extent of subthe revision of a special Joint Judiciary Commit-

lcy of the government in the Yerger case ms to be to postpone the issue. he Committee on Foreign Relations meet

ext week. It is hoped that they will push the tary Boutwell has issued an order direct

officers to enforce the law regarding es on vessels carrying passengers. rmation is had from trustworthy qua s that General Clark and other Texians, and ns, have applied to the President ections in those States indefinitely d. They insist that this is made nece on in the Yerger case, and the nty that Hamilton and Dent, the anti-Radilidates for Governor will be successful not probable that the request will be

THE ELECTION IN ABBEVILLE.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE NEWS.] COLUMBIA. October 21.

in Abbeville County the election resulted as follivan, Radical, 2166; Guffin, Radical, cattering 1. Sullivan and Gumn are ted by a majority of 286, in a total or of whites were arrested yesterday and on to the courthouse. Much excitement pres, and many wild rumors are affeat. Constade Hubbard came down to Columbia to-day.

THE NEGRO MILITIA.

ite can be ascertained as to Govmidred armed negroes left this last night on their way to Chapel County, to which place arms for o' yesterday to bring a large number the eastern part of the State. to this time the train has not arrived here. ing that "no troops have been sent off yet." Facts which have leaked out show that a serious movement or some kind is taking place.

THE STEAMBOAT HORROR.

ST. LOUIS, October 29. Rubicon has arrived from the of the Stonewall, bringing only two more

nittee to visit the wreck and the dead. Other subscriptions will be made

JE is feared that Collector Casey, of New Or s, and his family were aboard.

EUROPE.

The Imperial Tourist.

CONSTANTINOPLE, October 29. ted and the city was illuminated. There was sm when the Grand Turk received he Kaiser Franz Joseph.

More Troops for Cuba. MADRID, October 29. ttalions of volunteers will soon sail for

as in the Cabinet and among the regard to the monarchy are unabated. one among the opposition make ble the election of Duke Guior

LONDON, October 29. tle has been found containing memoranda fering of the emigrant vessel Weser on July 1, with three hundred and forty-six per-

ther is unusually cold. Advices of frost se and snow come from all parts of the king-

ANOTHER HOMICIDE.

LYNCHBURG, VA., October 29.

At the Fair Grounds, to-day, Wm. O. M. Corkle, a prominent merchant, was mortally stabled by Mark Sampter,

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

The revenue receipts yesterday were \$690,000. Mrs. Agnes Paschall, one of the last widow the revolution, died in Georgia utely, aged DL

argument in the case of the officers of the ba was closed at Wilmington yesterday. The n of the court will be delivered to-day. The first Friday in February has been fixed for ing in Washington of the motion for a

alnary injunction in the case of the State of Texas vs. George Peabody.

Lippincott's Magazine is authority for tating that at the time of the first issue of ks Mr. Chase consulted, among others. th the president of a Philadelphia bank, as some mottos upon the bills, as "in lod we trust" has been stamped upon some or ns. After mentioning several texts that had occurred to him, the Secretary asked the banker's opinion. "Perhaps," was the reply, 'the most appropriate would be: 'Silver and old have I none, but such as I have I give thee.'" The project was not carried further.

It used to be humoure usly said of Mendelsin that he could do eve ything on the organ ut one, and that was to play an audience out The more he attempted it, the less were inclined to go; the more gracefully ting his musical hints, the more delightlly patient they became to remain.

SYNOD OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Syned of South Carolina was convened in the Presbyterian Church in Chester, on the evening of the 20th inst. Present, Rev. A. A. Morse, of Greenwood, S. C., Moderator of last Synod and presiding officer of the body until the elec tion of his successor; Rev. Wm. Banks, stated clerk, thirty-six ministers and thirty-five ruling elders, representing the four Presbyteries, South Carolina, Harmony, Bethel, and Charles ton-this number was subsequently increased by the arrival of about twenty more delegatesmaking in all mnety representatives. Besides, there were eighteen students from the Theogical Seminary at Columbia, and Professor Charles W. Lane, of Oglethorpe University, Ga., Rev. Dr. E. T. Baird, of the Synod of Virginia, Rev. Messrs. John Douglass, R. Z. Johnston, R. B. Alexander and J. H. Colton, of the Synod of North Carolina, and Rev. R. W. Brice of the Associated Reformed Church, corresponding members. Whole number present about one hundred and fifteen. The Chester Reporter says: OPENING.

Agreeable to custom the Synod was opened by a sermon from the Rev. A. A. Morse, the retiring Moderator, after which the body proceeded to the election of a Moderator, which resulted in the choice of the Rev. D. E. Frierson, of Harmony Presbytery. The Rev. J. E. Mack was then elected temporary clerk, and the Rev. W. A. Gregg assistant clerk.

At nine o'clock A. M., on Thursday the b usiness of the body was regularly commenced.

PRESEYTERIAN INSTITUTIONS OF LEARNING. Drs. Howe and Plumer gave most encouraging accounts of the flourishing condition of the Theological Seminary at Columbia, which, despite the lisasters of war, is fast regaining its former prosperous condition; numbering thirty students at present with prospects of increase.

disasters of war, is fast regaining its former prosperous condition; numbering thirty students at present, with prospects of increase.

J. L. Harris, Esq., commissioner on the part of the Presbyterian 'Churches of Atlanta, presented their request that Oglethorpe University, located near Milledgeville, Ga., and under the joint control of the Georgia and South Carolina Synods, be removed to the City of Atlanta—said churches offering the sum of \$40,000 to effect such an end. Much debate arose upon the question, during which Professor C. W. Lane, of Oglethorpe, delivered a most touching and eloquent speech, reviewing the past of Oglethorpe, fourishing, honored, and much sought after, and picturing her present, with her halls of learning deserted, her atrons dead or impoverished, her officers crippled, and all but helpless. Yet, withal, he was in Opposition to the transfer. The buildings at Oglethorpe, we understand, cost \$60,000. If Atopposition to the transfer. The buildings at Ogiethorpe, we understand, cost \$60,000. If Atlanta be very desirous for the University, she should offer at least \$100,000. The whole matter was finally referred to the Synod of Georgia for

on, ofessor J. M. Anderson, of Davidson College, lea flattering report of the prospects of that itution. More than one hundred students are within her walls. Mr. Charles Martin, forly of Chapel Hill, and now of Columbia, Tenee, has recently been made a professor etn.

THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. The church in South Carolina, according to and destroyed in many places her altars, had tricken down many who would have proved hemselves faithful soldiers of Christ, and had nemselves faithful soldiers of Carles, and made ther surviving children in the depths of poverty and ruin, yet in the face of all this she is sying, Resuryam. Several new churches have een organized. Three ministers, Rev. Messrs. R. English and W. C. Sutton, of Harmony Pressure. T. R. English and W. C. Sutton, of Harmony Fres-bytery, and Rev. D. Humphreys, of South Caro-lina Presbytery, have departed this life during the present year. Many young men are looking forward to the ministry, of which there are now eight licentiates and nineteen candidates. HOWE'S HISTORY OF THE CHURCH.

Dr. Howe announced that the History of the Presbyterian Church of South Corolina, for which he has been collecting material for the last twen-ty years, was now ready for publication, but that the sum of six hundred dollars was necessary to have it streathyrad.

Colonels J. H. Taylor, of Charleston, and J. R. Odonels J. H. Taylor, of Charleston, and J. R. Aiken, of Winsboro', very generously guaranteed the same of two hundred dollars cach, and the remaining two hundred dollars was soon made sure. This is a work dating back to 1670, and will prove of great value to all; connected with the charch as there always must be much of secular interest, not only will the churchman, but the outside world find much to instruct them

POREIGN MISSIONS. On Foreign Missions, Dr. Wilson, secretary of the Board of Missions, and formerly missionary to Africa, gave a most interesting statement of the condition and prospects of the missionary work, interspersing his remarks with pertinent anecdotes and illustrations, derived from his own ong the heathen. I by Rev. J. H. Colton, missionary to the Choctaw Indians, from North Carolina, by v. E. T. Bulst, and by Rev. J. L. Girardeau, . . . (whom

Buist, and by Rev. J. L. Girardeau, ... of whom strongly advocated the missionary ca.

Beginning with Wednesday evening. rmons were preached at the appointed hours by Rev. A. A. Morse, Rev. J. O. Lindsay, Rev. Dr. Buist, Rev. Dr. Heard, Rev. G. W. Boggs, C. W. Lane, Dr. Plumer and R. H. Reld.

On Saturday evening the Synod adjourned to meet at Anderson Courthouse, Wednesday, before the fourth Sunday in October next.

SUNDAY. Appointment of ministers was made to the va-

Appointment of ministers was made to the various churches, not excepting the African Methodist Church. The well known reputation of Dr. Girardeau drew to the Presbyterian Church to which he had been assigned a large crowd in the forencon, where, as usual, his burning eloquence and whole-souled earnestness failed not to arouse all the feeling of his hearers. Owing to a mistake there was no service at the Met.odist Church. Rev. J. B. Mack preached to a large number of colored people at the African Methodist Church in the forencon, who gave to him the greatest attention and were much pleased. In the forencon Dr. Girardeau delivered one of those irrestibly eloquent sermons for which he is so distinguished to several hundred colored people and a large number of white people in the courthouse. The other churches were filled during the afternoon.

afternoon.
At night the venerable Dr. Plumer, the patriarch of his church, preached at the Presbyterian Church, and with all his accustomed force and seriousness urged upon his hearers "not to hear the Gospel in vain."

the Gospel in vain."

The deliberations of the Synod were conducted in so Christian-like a spirit, the Word was preached with so much eloquence and power, and the ed with so much eloquence and power, and the people all were evidently so fully imbued with the holy and healthful atmosphere, for the time being, sourrounding them, that we hesitate not being, sourrounding them, that we hestiate not to say that it was a good thing for the Synod to

FASHIONS FOR GENTLEMEN.

Latest Winter Styles.

The New York Mail says: The New York Mail says:

Veivet has become very fashionable for trim ming almost every style of coat. Especially on overcoats, whether Chesterfield or frock, single or double-breasted, (the latter style having the preference,) we find it very much used. Velvet colars, lappel facings, frequently the whole of the lappel, the cuffs and edging of velvet to match in color the shade of the cloth, is the style. For those, however, who prefer a more durable edge, a round slik cord is much used, and gives an equally handsome finish. Treble-milled box Meltons and kerseymeres in drabs, olive and lead color, are very fashionable this season for overcoats, though Elysian beavers of a soft make, in plain colors and mixtures, are much worn, and make a very handsome overcoat.

The Prince Arthur frock coat, so called from its being the Prince's favorite garment, is gradually

make a very handsome overcoat.

The Prince Arthur frock coat, so called from its being the Prince's favorite garment, is gradually taking the place of the "Prince of Wales" coat for half-dress, the theatre, informal calls, and all other occasion when a dress coat is unnecessary and a business coat is undesirable. It is made of a fine castor beaver, black, or blue, or olive in dark shades, velvet collar to match, the happels pointing very much upward, and bound with a rich, heavy braid. A fine white moleskin or heavy Marseilles vest, double-breasted, looks very well with this coat, and lavender whipcord or ribbed doeskin trousers. Among those, however, who affect the English style, a sealskin vest will be an indispensable luxury this winter. For business

affect the English style, a scalskin vest will be an indispensable luxury this winter. For business suits, checked patterns still predominate, and made up in the Beaufort coat are very stylish.

The most important change in dress coats is that they are made with velvet collars, the lappels rolling low to the walst seam, and not silk-faced, as formerly. Embroidered vests with jewelled buttons find considerable favor among our best dressed gentlemen, and will doubtless be much patronized before the end of the season.

In London several of the leading tailors are introducing velvet suits for evening wear, the coat

troducing velvet suits for evening wear, the coat lined with White silk, the trousers being of vel-veteen, so that in the course of time we may hope or something richer, more elegant, and more onsistent with the magnificent display which ur ladies make than the sombre black which has en's evening dress for the

Immigration has established headquarters at Bremen, and complains that he finds a prejudice prevailing against the country and people of the South.

MR. GRANT TAKEN TO TASK.

Plain Talk to Him from Two Leading Republican Papers-Nepotism and Appointments to Office of, Friends to be Stopped-Strong Opposition Hinted at.

[From Cincinnati Commercial, October 23.] General Grant seemed to be a necessity to the ninated by the representatives of that party convention assembled for the Presidency. of the Armies, but the party could not get along well without him in the Presidential campaign. Upon becoming Presi-dent, the General seems to have had a full and dent, the General seems to have had a full and clear appreciation of the independence of his position. So he made up the Cabinet, not of distinguished Republican politicians, but of his personal friends. They were all rather Republicans than otherwise, but the Cabinet was fearfully and wonderfully made. The charge has been made that Cabinet appointments occurred because the gentlemen appointed had made presents to General Grant. We do not believe those presents had any influence with the President. They ought to have had an influence, and it should have prevented the appointments. It happened that several among the valued personal friends of the President gave him money, and that he, careless and indifferent as to that, placed them high in office. Not only in regard to his Cabicareless and indifferent as to that, placed them high in office. Not only in regard to his Cabinet, but throughout the country, the President displayed the vividness of his remembrance and the keepness of his gratitude to his personal friends. When we come to count up the relatives he has appointed to office, they are not very numerous. But he has appointed personal friends and the friends of friends and the favorites of relatives to a degree that is not favorites of relatives to a degree that is not credible to his sagacity as a man of the people. In his announcement that he did not intend to have a policy in conflict with the will of the people he seems to have been entirely sincere. people he seems to have been entirely sincere. His conduct in office has given testimony to the strongest kind to that effect. Whatever may have been his shortcomings, he has not may have been his shortcomings, he has not been burdened with a pollcy. So easy is he on the duties of his office that he has abundant leisure, which he spends at the seashore and on

Some matters, however, seem to demand the serious attention of the President. He has just received a loud warning of the perils by friends—the dangers of family influences—and the exceeding great hazard of familiarity with

the exceeding great hazard of familiarity with New York sharpers.

In this part of the country the Influence of the President's father has been absurd and injurious. In New York we find a Mr. Corbin, known long ago in the Washington lobby and in Wall street as a shrewd and unscrupulous operator, who, a few months since, assumed the position of brother-in-law of the President, and began presently to speculate in that relationship. It was his stock in trade. It gave him familiarity with Gould and Fisk, the most notorious of the Wall street gamblers. He asnotorious of the Wall street gamblers. He assumed to be able to control appointments in New York. There is too much reason to be-lieve that he did control some of them—per.

haps that of General Butterfield among others-When the President passed through New York, as he was in the habit of doing on his excursions, he was the guest of his brother-inlaw; and this was entirely natural and proper, for Mrs. Corbin is his sister, who is most like him, and who has more influence over him than any other member of his family. This was Covington gossip before she was married, and her influence was felt here in important appointments previous to that event,

PLOUGHING WITH A HEIFER. Failing to get his brother-in-law committed in a Wall street speculation, Corbin's next pro-ceeding would, of course, be to influence Mrs. Grant to allow him to make a little money for her. If the President and his wife dabbled a little in stocks and gold at the suggestion and under the direction of their brother-in-law with a brown stone front residence, evidently with a brown some room restance, checked, they were presently apprised that the transac-tion was not so distinguished by innocence as it had been represented to them by their bril-liant and persuasive relative.

SUSPICIOUS CIRCUMSTANCES Messengers to Washington, Pennsylvania, and arguments by Jay Gould, and inquiries by Jim Fisk, meant something more than any as-sociation of the President and his family in Wall street speculations, and was a simple, ordi-nary business affair. If the President was in, he took care to get out, and it is quite possible that the consciousness that there had been an elaborate effort to use him had its influence in causing the peremptory order that he gave, as he says in the Bonner letter, for the sale of

While the bulls were at work with the President, the bears seem to have had the Secredent, the bears seem to have had the Secre-tary of the Treasury in hand, and gave him a fine dinner with the view of plying him with overwhelming arguments why he should sell gold and crush out the rascals. These were re-formers in the same sense that the late re-formers in Hamilton County were so. They were quite as wicked as Fisk and Gould, Cor-bin or Butterfield. They were in another ring, that was all. The game was to steal as bears The game was to steal as bears

THE MORAL. Now we hope that in a I this the President will learn one useful lesson. It is in brief: that not only is personal government played out in monarchies, but that family influence will not serve any good purpose with a Chief Magis-trate; that in this position all families of honest people must be on the same footing; that the Grants are not in the least better than other folks because he is President, but are other folks because he is President, but are rather to be discriminated against; that his personal friends must be judged by their fitness rather than their friendship. If he can learn this lesson speedily, and give evidence of his increase of knowledge, the people will be swift to forgive the errors already committed; but if he remains in this particular a dull scholar, the degree of popular impatience that he must encounter may at least surprise him a good deal.

The Case of General Butterfield-Grant's Reputation Involved in the Matter-A Limit to the Patience of the People.

(From the Evening Post, October 25.) General Butterfield may ask to be court-martialled, and the President may, if he likes, grant his request. But in the meantime But-terfield ought at once to resign the place of Sub-Treasurer; and if he does not the President ought to suspend him. General Butter-field demands to be tried by a military court; who is to prefer charges against him? The President of the United States? But if the President of the United States? But it the President formally charges him with malfeasance in office is he not bound to suspend him ance in omce is he not bothed to suspend that from office until the charges are disproved? The expedient of a trial by court-martial looks suspicious to the public and is irregular, and smacks too much of military despotism to be relished by a free people. The civil officers of a free State ought not to be able thus to protect themselves behind a court of military officers; it is a lad behind a court of military officers; it is a back precedent which General Butterfield seeks to set; one which may lead in time to the gravest and most dangerous abuses. The President should be told by his friends that he ought not to cause a public scandal by retaining General Butterfield in the place which he holds. The appointment of military officers to purely civil service is in itself a praiseworthy custom. There was a general impression that, on accepting the sub-treasurership, Putterfield had resigned his place in the army. Certainly he ought to have done so; and if any one had asserted, when General Butterfield took charge of the recovery that he would when charges of the treasury, that he would, when charged with misconduct, seek refuge in a military court, the public would have been in-dignant. The President has been mismaking some poor sppointments; that of General Sickles to Spain, that of Mr. Washburne to France, and now this of General Butterfield. He has so firm a hold of the public confidence that the people have been willing to overlook such intstakes; but they have not forgotten them; and it is not prudent in the President to put too greata strain upon the people's belief in him. To ap-point an unfit man to place is what probably every President may do, and is excusable. But to keep a m in in place after his unitness has become a matter of public notoriety is more than any ws. President will venture on. We trust, therefore, that the report is true which comes to us from Washington, that the administration is now deliberating upon's fit person to relieve General Butterfield. It need

THINGS AT FLORENCE.

Fire-Religious Revival-Business-Preparations for Farming.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

FLORENCE, S. C., October 28. For the first time in many months our town as again been the scene of confiagration. At the lower end of Front street there are a number of little rough houses, most of them occu-pled as stores by colored merchants. Last night a fire was discovered amongst them, and before anything could be done to arrest the figure, two or three of these services. the flames two or three of these active little business establishments were destroyed. But for the arrival and efficient service of the for the arrival and enlined, service of the "Florence," our fire engine, the whole of that part of our town would have been reduced to ashes. The main sniferers, I learn, are Wes. Williams and John Edwards, both colored merchants. So far as known the fire was accidental. No insurance.

dentali. No insurance.

At the Baptist Church, conducted by the Rev. J. O. B. Dargan, assisted by Rev. Mr. Mendenhaul, of Newberry, there has been in progress for several days a series of interesting meetings, attended with hopeful and encouraging results. These gentlemen have exhibited great earnestness and ability, and, by their eloquence, have attracted numbers of our people. Under a depressed cotton market business is not quite so active as it has been. Our people are preparing for another year, by making arrangements for corn, bacon, &c. Positive, energetic industry will soon relieve all our embarrassments.

THE GOLD SCAND

James Fisk, Jr.'s, Compliments to President Grant-He Speaks his Mind

A Washington dispatch, published in one of the New York papers, quoting President Grant as having spoken in very contemptuous terms of Fisk, Jr., brings out the cheeky Prince of Erle in the following characteristic communication:

TO THE EDITOR OF THE WORLD. SIR-In the Washington correspondence of the Herald this morning, I read the following para-

Heraid this morning, I read the following paragraph:

"In the course of conversation your correspondent remarked upon the bold attempt of Mr. Fisk to obtain from the President advance information regarding the financial policy of the government. The President's reply was substantially as follows:

"I don't know but I should have felt insulted by such a proposal had it come from any other but a person like Fisk. But coming, from a man so destitute of moral character, I didn't think it worth noticing."

My first feeling on reading this was naturally one of indignation, that a gentleman occupying the lighest station in the land should use such language concerning one with whom he

But, after a moment's reflection, I felt that I

But, after a moment's reflection, I felt that I was mistaken in attaching the least importance to, this statement. It is obviously a pure invention of the venerable Scot who presides over the Herald. It is simply impossible that the President can have used any such language about me. General Grant never would have accepted the hospitality and shared the table of a man whom he believed to be so destitute of moral character as this canara pretends. lieved to be so destitute of moral character as this canard pretends.

General Grant spent three hours at my table on one occasion, and made the entire journey to Boston in my company, as is well known to many gentlemen who were with us, and who know that our relations were of the most friendly character. He and his family have repeatedly accepted trifling favors at my hands, of such a nature as are perfectly proper among friends (and which I mention now with no intention of implying that they have placed General Grant un-

and which I mention now with no intention of implying that they have placed General Grant under any obligation, but which no gentleman would accept from one whom he did not consider a friend. Indeed, so perfectly casy have been the relations between us, that General Grant has always dispensed with those little formalities of secknowledgment which other gentlemen, equally eminent, but less intimate with me, have thought it necessary to observe (not review Data); in the first necessary to observe (not review Data); in the first new for them, and the numerous little services which it has been my pleasure to render him have been treated on both sides as a matter of course, just as they should be between friends quite at ease with each other.

On the very occasion on which this Herald inspector returns that Ceneral Grant, got so in

On the very occasion on which this Herald in-ventor pretends that General Grant got so in-suited, our conversation was most agreeable and Having thus shown the absurdity of the Herald

story, it is not necessary that it should receive any further notice. General Grant cannot be ex-pected to publish a disavowal of all language that sensational reporters may put in his mouth; and as he has never contradicted one of my statements hitherto, I shall not trouble him to confirm this in detail, though he will undoubtedly do so

if called upon. Yours truly, JAMES FISK, Jr. VARIETIES.

-Traupmanization is the word by which Parisians designate the act of murdering a whole family. -"The Cat of Paraguay" is the title now

given to Lopez, it being pretty clear that he possesses a plurality of lives. -A colored justice of the peace in Jefferson County, Florida, named Pembroke, grants divorces for the very reasonable sum of five dol-

-A cautious itemizer tells us what is the matter with a noted lady in the following terms: "The Princess of Metternich is to retire from society for a little while, and is buying lots of edgings, insertions, muslins, and so on, which she is making up into little garments too large for a doll and too small for herself."

"A little more animation, my dear," whispered Mrs. A. to the gentle Susan, who was walking languidly through a quadrille. "Do leave me to manage my own business, mamma," replied the prudent nymph. "I shall not dance my ringlets out of curl for a married man." "Of course not, my love, but I was not aware who your partner was."

-The Gaulois tells a little anecdote about Lafayette. At Lamarque's funeral the crowd took out the General's horses as he was returning home, and drew him to his hotel. "You must have been very much pleased," replied a a friend some time afterward. "Very much pleased, indeed," replied Layayette; "but I never saw anything more of my horses."

THE GREAT BOSTON LOTTERY.

A Neat Swindle-The Man who Drew the Coliscum Pays only Sixteen Cents

A Boston dispatch of Monday, to the New York Tribune, says:

The man who drew the Collseum has ob The man who drew the consent has obtained as audden notoriety which will probably be as brief as it is intense, though it may increase his trade by advertising his wares. All through Saturday afternoon and Sanday the people were in a feverish state of anxiety to know the name of the fortunate man; and now that it has been secretained that his name is I. L. Magnire, and that he is a "lumber dealer, the matter has a suspicious look. An investi-gation showed, and it is publicly announced, that he, with others, entered into an arrange ment with the Coliscum Association to pur chase, on Saturday morning, all of the tickets which had not been sold at that time. It is which had not been sold at the time. It is said that he paid sixten cents apiece for the tickets, purchasing for that sun about five thousand, while thousands of people had paid one dollar upiece for all that had been sold previous to that time. It is said that "other parvious to that time. It is said that "other parvious to that time. It is said that "other par-ties" who were in partnership with Mr. Ma-guire will have their share of the \$15,000, for which the lumber will sell, if taken by the builders; but as Mr. M. is a lumber dealer, he will probably dispose of the component parts of the structure to much better advantage in his own lumber yard. Much indignation is expressed among the disappointed ticket-holders, who are conversant with the facts, and a management which would sell one ticket for one dollar and another for sixteen cents is denounced in unmeasured terms.

As it was drawn by a lumber dealer, or by a

ring in which a lumber dealer is the central figure, the public mind is unanimous in considering the whole lottery a "put up job." Not

consist of small pieces of decoration, settees and chairs. Visitors during the Jubilee will remember the wooden chairs and wooden setees which had been improvised for the occa-sion, and which are worth just their weight in

sion, and which are worth just their weight in kindling wood, as no one wants a souvenir of a Jubilee whose last chapter has been an igno-minious lottery. It is just as well that Mr. P. S. Gilmore is in Europe at this time, as the projector of what some of the Boston papers stoppingly called "The Fighth Wonder of the sloppingly called "The Eighth Wonder of the World," would not be such a tremendous hero as he was in June. If the Jubilee was the eighth wonder, the great lottery may probab be called "The Ninth Wonder of the World."

Married.

DAVIS—O'BANNON.—On the 21st of October, 1869, at Linwood, Kentucky, by the Rev. W. H. Platt, FLINN C. DAVIS, of Charleston, S. C., to Miss MARY C., eldest daughter of J. B. O'Bannon, Face, of Conteville Ky.

PHELPS—HAYES.—In Jersey City, August 30, by the Rev. Dr. McCurdy, Mr. Chas. W. Phelps, of New Haven, to Miss Catherine Hayes, of Charleston, S. C.

FISHBURNE—MILLER.—In Walterboro', on the 25th instant, by the Rev. E. Palmer, ROBERT FISH-BURNE, Jr., to CLAUDIA M., youngest daughter of Colonel C. Miller, both of Colleton County.

Obituarn.

MILES.—Died, on Thursday, the 28th of October, CHARLES RICHARDSON, youngest child of Charles Richardson and Mary W. Miles, aged 8 months and 16 days.

"The mother gave in tears and pain The flowers she most did love."

Juncral Notices.

THE RELATIVES, FRIENDS AND SAN HELENA PHIN, are invited to attend the Puneral of the latter, at Magnolia Cemetery, at half-past 3 o'clock To-Morrow (Sunday) AFTER

Special Notices.

MOTICE .- THE UNITED FIRE COMPANY, of Charleston, will parade for inspection by the Mayor and Chief of the Fire Department on Tursday, the second day of November, 809. The line will be formed on Broad-street, beween King and Meeting, precisely at 4 o'clock on the afternoon. The members will assemble in full uniform, at the Hall of the Company, at 1 HENRY LARCOMB.

President United Fire Company.

JOHN H. STEWART, Secretary. TOSADALIS .- IT IS A SOURCE OF his truly valuable medicine has so won the pubic favor by its intrinsic merit, that their predic verified. Procure from your druggist a Rosadalis Almanac for 1869. Incorporated in it will be found a few of the hundreds of certificates in poscharacters for veracity are unimpeachable. They are bona fide, and are in all respects the opinions of those by whom they are given; are not manufactured for the purpose of deceiving a credulous public, but are grateful acknowledgments of bene-

spects, and for many diseases, is superior to any For sale by GOODRICH, WINEMAN & CO., importers of Drugs and Chemicals, Charleston, S. C.

fits derived from a medicine which in many re-

THE PRICE TELLS CHEAP PRINTING. CHEAP PRINTING.

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> > CHEAP PRINTING.

The attention of the business public is invited to the following greatly REDUCED RATES for JOB PRINTING

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BUSINESS CARDS,

From \$2 50 per thousand and upwards, accord ing to size and quality of card.

> BUSINESS CIRCULARS. From \$4 00 per thousand and upwards, accord-

ing to the quantity of matter and quality of ENVELOPES,

With Business Card neatly printed thereon, at from \$2 50 per thousand and upwards, according

BILL HEADS.

At from \$3 50 per thousand and upwards, according to size and quality of paper and amount

DRUG LABELS,

At from 40 cents per thousand and upwards,

ALL OTHER KINDS OF PRINTING WIll be done at correspondingly low rates, and in the

SHOW PRINTING A SPECIALTY. - SA

Call at THE NEWS Office and examine specimens and prices.

25 BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE .- THIS splendid Mair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, in stantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints: remedies the ill effects of bad dyes: invigorates and leaves the bair soft and beautiful black or brown. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. - Bond street, New York.

TO WORDS OF CHEER - ON THE Errors of Youth and the Follies of Age, in relation to Marriage and Social Evils, with a helping hand for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, sept25 3mos THE GREAT SOUTHERN REMEDY. JACOB'S CHOLERA, DYSENTERY AND DIAR-

and highly prized throughout the Southern States as a Sovereign Remedy for the above diseases, is now offered to the whole country. It is invaluable to every lady, both married and

will to whom its virtues are known.

For sale by all Druggists and general dealers.

DOWIE & MOISE.

Special Notices.

35 ST. JOHN'S LUTHERAN CHURCH. ervice in this Church To-Morrow Morning, at half-past 10 o'clock, by the Rev. W. W. HICKS and in the Evening at half-past 7 o'clock. Strangers will be provided with seats in the MORNING. EVENING Service, seats free. oct30 s

CITADEL SQUARE BAPTIST CHURCH.-Preaching in this Church To-Morrow MORNING and NIGHT, by the Pastor. Morning Service at half-past 10, and night half-past o'clock. A collection will be taken up at the close of each service. oct30 s

TO THE PUBLIC.—GEORGE LIT-TLE & CO., No. 213 King street, are offering Fine Cassimere VESTS at \$2 and \$2 50 each, worth

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH .- DI-VINE Service will be held in this Church To-Mor now Morning at the usual hour. Sermon by the Rev. L. H. SHUCK, of Barnwell Courthouse.

DIVINE SERVICE WILL BE CON-DUCTED in the Orphan's Chapel To-MORBOW AF TERNOON, at 4 o'clock, by Rev. T. C. M. GOL

UNITARIAN CHURCH.-DIVINE

rvice will be held in this church To-Morrow MORNING, at the usual hour, the Rev. R. P. CUT officiating. Strangers are especially in vited to attend. A LECTURE WILL BE DELIVER-ED under the auspices of DAN LODGE, No. 93

I.O. B. B., by the Rev. Dr. J. M. WISE, of Cin cinnati, at the Synagogue, Hasel street, To-Mon Row. (Sunday.) October 31st. at half-past 7 o'clock P. M. The public are respectfully invited to at-EUG. MANTOUB, Secretary. TAT CONSIGNEES PER STEAMSHIP

CHARLESTON are notified that she is discharging cargo This Day at Adger's Wharf. Goods unchil JAMES ADGER & CO., Agents. oct29 2 CONSIGNEES PER BRITISH

steamship DARIEN are hereby notified that said steamship has been This Day entered under the Pive Day Act. All goods not Permitted at the expiration of that time will be sent to the Govern-ROBT. MURE & CO., ment Stores. NOTICE.—NATIONAL FREED-

MAN'S SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY,

CHARLESTON BRANCH, No. 74 BROAD STREET. Money deposited on or before November 15th will draw interest from November 1st. NATHAN RITTER, Cashier. 22 SOUTH GAROLINA, CHARLES-TON COUNTY .- In Equity .- Office Clerk C. C. P .-G. W. DINGLE, Assignee, vs. JOHN JAMES GLAS-

SON, Jr., et al.-Bill for foreclosure.-It appearing to my satisfaction that JOHN JAMES GLASSON, Jr., and CAROLINE GLASSON, his wife, and ALICE AIKEN, defendants in this cause, are absent from, and reside beyond, the limits of this State, so that the ordinary process of the Court cannot be served on them; on motion of WHALEY, MITCHELL & CLANCY, complainant's solicitors, or dered that the said defendants, JOHN JAMES GLASSON, Jr., CAROLINE GLASSON, his wife, and ALICE AIKEN, do appear and plead, answer or demur to this bill within forty days from the publication of this order, or an order pro confess will be granted and entered against them.

A. C. BICHMOND. C. C. P., Charleston County. july30 1 oct30-jan30-april30

TO THE FLOUR MERCHANTS AND ALL INTERESTED .- OFFICE INSPECTOR OF FLOUR, No. 68 EAST BAY, CHARLESTON, October 16 .- Orders for Inspection of Flour will be re ceived at this office from this date, and be promptly attended to. C. N. AVERILL, Inspector of Flour.

treatment by placing themselves under the care of Dr. T. REENTSJERNA, Office No. 74 Hasel street, three doors east from the Postoffice. MANHOOD .- A MEDICAL ESSAY

on the Cause and Cure of Premature Decline in Man, the treatment of Nervous and Physical Debility, &c. "There is no member of society by whom this book will not be found useful, whether such per-

Sent by mail on receipt of fifty cents. Address

Clergyman."-Medical Times and Gazette.

the Author, Dr. E. DEF. CURTIS, Washington, D. C. A CARD .- A CLERGYMAN, while residing in South America as a Missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Disease of the Urinary and Seminal Organs and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to beneat the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send

the recipe for preparing and using this medicine,

in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it,

free of charge. Address JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.

THERE IS NO MISTAKE ABOUT PLANTATION BITTERS will ward off Fever and Ague, and all kindred diseases, if used in time. No family need suffer from this distressing complaint if they will keep PLANTATION BIT-TERS in the house, and use it according to directions. The most important ingredient of this medicine is Calisaya or Peruvian Bark, which is known to be the finest and purest tonic in the vegetable kingdom. The extract of this Bark is the active principle of all the good Fever and Ague medicines prescribed by intelligent doctors. Calisaya Bark is used extensively in the manufacture of PLANTATION BITTERS, as well as quinine, and we dare say they owe their popularity mostly to that fact. We can recommend them.

MAGNOLIA WATER .- Superior to the best im ported German Cologne, and sold at half the oct25 tuths3 THE FALL AND ITS DANGERS .-

Animal as well as vegetable life is powerfully af-

fected by the great atmospheric change that takes place in the fall. But for the flowers, the foliage and the herbs of the field there is no help. Their time has come and die they must. It is otherwise with man. For him the means of reinvigoration have been provided by skill and science. To recruit his exhausted energies and fortify himself against the disorders generated by the sudden depression of temperature and the unwholsome exhalations of autumn, let him tone his nervous system, invigorate his digestion and give edge to his appetite with HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. He may then face the mor bid influences of the season fearlessly. The chillng night dews and heavy morning mists will have no power to make him shiver and burn, to affect his liver, to disorder his stomach or his bowels, to rack his joints with rheumatism, or to render any latent element of disease in his system active and dangerous. To the sufferer from general debility, whether constitutional or aris RHŒA CORDIAL.-This article, so well known ing from other causes, this potent vegetable spe cille is earnestly recommended. And let it be remembered that physical weakness opens the deor to all maladies. Vigor is the chief defence of the human structure against all causes of disease, and HOSTETTER'S BITTERS may be truly pronounce ed the safest and surest of all invigorants. It is the most genial of all vegetable tonics, and is admirably adapted to the wants and weaknesses

Stoves, Ranges, &c.

SIX DOLLARS A YEAR.

Q TOVES AT WHOLESALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, SUCCESSORS OF HOR-TON & SHEPHERD, HAVE RESUMED THEIR TRADE IN STOVES, AS WHOLESALE DEALERS. IN CONNECTION WITH THEIR OTHER BUSI-NESS, AND ARE NOW PREPARED TO SUPPLY OTHER DEALERS, FACTORS, MERCHANTS AND

THE COOKING STOVES AND RANGES ARE OLD WITH OR WITHOUT FURNITURE-SOME OF THEM ARE DESIGNED TO OPERATE WITH OUT THE AID OF CHIMNEYS IF NECESSARY-AND ALL ARE GUARANTEED TO BAKE PROP-

THE RANGES ARE UNUSUALLY LOW IS PRICE-HAVE SIX BOILER OPENINGS AND DOUBLE OVENS, THOUGH BUT A SINGLE PIPE, AND NEED NO BRICK-WORK TO SET

THE STOCK OF HEATING STOVES EMBRACEM

WM. SHEPHERD & CO.,

No. 24 HAYNE STREET,

CAST-IRON AIR-TIGHTS, RUSSIA-IRON AIR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES AND PRICES WILL BE FURNISHED UPON APPLICATION.

CHARLESTON S. C., TAPANNED TIN-WARE AT WHOLESALE.

WM. SHEPHERD & CO... No. 24 HAYNE STREET. STAMPED TIN-WAR

AT WHOLESALE.

WM. SHEPHERD & CO., No. 24 HAYNE STREET. PRENCH RETINNED IRON - WARE

AT WHOLESALE. WM. SHEPHERD & CO., No. 24 HAYNE STREET.

BELLEVILLE COPPER ROLLING MILLS .. AGENTS IN CHARLESTON:

WM. SHEPHERD & CO., No. 24 HAYNE STREET,

Millinern, Sancy Goods, St. PALL TOPENING OF MILLINERY GOODS,

AT MRS. M. J. ZERNOW'S, No. 364 KING ST. Having just returned from New York, would respectfully call the attention of the Ladies to a large and handsome assortment of MILLINERY MEDICAL NOTICE.—PATIENTS GOODS, including Dress Trimmings and Paper suffering from Diseases pertaining to the Genito Patterns. Cloaks on hand and made to order. Urinary Organs, will receive the latest scientific Dresamaking attended to as usual. Country

> oct14 3 tuths3mos MISS R. A. MURTLAND No. 308 KING-STREET,

generally that she has opened a varied and choice NEW AND PASHIONABLE MILLIMERY, son holds the relation of Parent Preceptor or

Would inform her customers and the Ladies

oct26 tuthsimo dapted to the season. MILLINERY GOODS.

A COMPLETE STOCK OF, FINE MATERIALS IS NOW OPENEL Which will be made in the BEST MANNER AND LATEST STYLES,

> FOR FALL AND WINTER. All Orders promptly filled. M. J. BOOTH,

oct19 5 tuths3mos Crockery, China, &c. TWO THOUSAND SETS

SMALL PLATES, FOR SALE AT REDUCED PRICES. 3 inch flat and deep PLATES, at 10c. a set.
4 inch flat and deep Plates, at 15c. a set.
5 inch flat and deep Plates, at 20c. a set.
6 inch flat and deep Plates, at 20c. a set.
By

WM. G. WHILDEN & CO., Nos. 137 Meeting street and 255 King street, Corner Beaufain oct28 thsmw:5

Tailoring, &c. DORBAUM & JURS. MERCHANT TAILORS,

Have removed to No. 147 KING street, five door below their former stand, where they will be pleased to see their former patrons and friends nd the public generally. Mr. Jurs has just returned from the North with a large and well selected stock of Foreign and Domestic Cloths, Beavers, Coatings, Doeskins Cassimeres and Vestings.

A fine assortment of Gents' Furnishing Goods, which will be sold at a very small profit.

Gentlemen in want of any of the above articles will do well to call before purchasing elsewhere.

Sewing Machines.

Is where you have a choice of styles of different

SEWING MACHINES. The place to buy SEWING MACHINES

I have the best single and double-thread Machines now before the public. THE WILLCOX & GIBBS' SILENT MACHINE

"WEED" F. F. LOCK-STITCH Are the simplest and most reliable Machines made. Every Machine is warranted to give satisfaction, or it will be exchanged for other kinds. All kinds of Sewing neatly and promptly done. Orders taken for all first class Sewing or Knitting Machines, Needles, Oll, Thread, Silk, &c. REPAIRING as usual.

D. B. HASELTON, mayl stuthly No. 307 King street.

octll 3mospac ... General Agents. many people will go for the lesser prizes, which